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copyable_function

Abstract

This paper proposes a replacement for function in the form of a copyable variant of move_only_function.

Tony Table

Before		Proposed	
auto lambda{[&]() /*const*/ { }};		auto lambda{[&]() /*const*/ { }};	
<pre>function<void(void)> func{lambda}; const auto & ref{func};</void(void)></pre>	✓	<pre>copyable_function<void(void)> func0{lambda}; const auto & ref0{func0};</void(void)></pre>	~
func();	✓	func0();	4
ref();	✓	ref0(); //operator() is NOT const!	×
		<pre>copyable_function<void(void) const=""> func1{lambda}; const auto & ref1{func1};</void(void)></pre>	*
		func1();	~
		ref1(); //operator() is const!	✓
<pre>auto lambda{[&]() mutable { }};</pre>		<pre>auto lambda{[&]() mutable { }};</pre>	
<pre>function<void(void)> func{lambda}; const auto & ref{func};</void(void)></pre>	✓	<pre>copyable_function<void(void)> func{lambda}; const auto & ref{func};</void(void)></pre>	✓
<pre>func();</pre>	✓	func();	✓
ref(); //operator() is const! //this is the infamous constness-bug	17 ✓	ref(); //operator() is NOT const!	×
		<pre>copyable_function<void(void) const=""> tmp{lambda};</void(void)></pre>	×

Revisions

R0: Initial version

R1:

- Incorporated the changes proposed for move_only_function in [P2511R2].
- Added wording for conversions from copyable_function to move_only_function.

R2:

 Removed changes adopted from [P2511R2] as that proposal didn't reach consensus in the 2022-10 LEWG electronic polling.

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Motivation

C++11 added function, a type-erased function wrapper that can represent any *copyable* callable matching the function signature R(Args...). Since its introduction, there have been identified several issues – including the infamous constness-bug – with its design (see [N4159]).

[P0288R9] introduced move_only_function, a move-only type-erased callable wrapper. In addition to dropping the copyable requirement, move_only_function extends the supported signature to R(Args...) constop (&|&&)op noexceptop and forwards all qualifiers to its call operator, introduces a strong non-empty precondition for invocation instead of throwing bad_function_call and drops the dependency to typeid/RTTI.

Concurrently, [P0792R10] introduced function_ref, a type-erased non-owning reference to any callable matching a function signature in the form of R(Args...) constop noexceptop. Like move_only_function, it forwards the noexcept-qualifier to its call operator. As function_ref acts like a reference, it does not support ref-qualifiers and does not forward the const-qualifier to its call operator.

As a result, function is now the only type-erased function wrapper not supporting any form of qualifiers in its signature. Whilst amending function with support for ref/noexcept-qualifiers would be a straightforward extension, the same is not true for the const-qualifier due to the long-standing constness-bug. Without proper support for the const-qualifier, function would still be inconsistent with its closest relative.

Therefore, this paper proposes to introduce a replacement to function in the form of copyable_function, a class that closely mirrors the design of move_only_function and adds *copyability* as an additional affordance.

Design space

The main goal of this paper is consistency between the *move-only* and *copyable* type-erased function wrappers. Therefore, we follow the design of move_only_function very closely and only introduce three extensions:

- 1. Adding a copy constructor
- 2. Adding a copy assignment operator
- 3. Requiring callables to be copyable

Additionally, as copyable_function is a strict superset of move_only_function, we provide conversion operators from the former to the latter. We prefer conversion operators in copyable_function to converting constructors in move_only_function as the latter is a more fundamental type that shouldn't have to know about the more specialized one.

Open Questions

Deprecation of function

As copyable_function aims to supersede function, should the latter (including bad_function_call) be moved to Annex D with the adoption of this paper?

Impact on the Standard

This proposal is a pure library addition.

Implementation Experience

The proposed design has been implemented at https://github.com/MFHava/P2548.

Proposed Wording

Wording is relative to [N4910]. Additions are presented like this, removals like this.

[version.syn]

In [version.syn], add:

```
#define cpp lib copyable function YYYYMML //also in <functional>
```

Adjust the placeholder value as needed to denote this proposal's date of adoption.

[functional.syn]

In [functional.syn], in the synopsis, add the proposed class template:

```
// 22.10.17.4, move only wrapper
template<class... $> class move_only_function; // not defined
template<class R, class... ArgTypes>
    class move_only_function<R(ArgTypes...) cv ref noexcept(noex)>; // see below

// 22.10.17.5, copyable wrapper
template<class... $> class copyable function; // not defined
template<class R, class... ArgTypes>
    class copyable function<R(ArgTypes...) cv ref noexcept(noex)>; // see below

// 22.10.18, searchers
template<class ForwardIterator, class BinaryPredicate = equal_to<>>
class default_searcher;
```

[func.wrap]

In [func.wrap], insert the following section at the end of **Polymorphic function wrappers**:

```
22.10.17.5 Copyable wrapper
                                                                                                                                       [func.wrap.copy]
22.10.17.5.1 General
                                                                                                                              [func.wrap.copy.general]
The header provides partial specializations of copyable function for each combination of the possible replacements of the place
holders cv, ref, and noex where

    cv is either const or empty,

  ref is either &, &&, or empty, and
  noex is either true or false.
For each of the possible combinations of the placeholders mentioned above, there is a placeholder inv-quals defined as follows:

    If ref is empty, let inv-quals be cv&,

  - otherwise, let inv-quals be cv\_ref
22.10.17.5.2 Class template copyable function
                                                                                                                                 [func.wrap.copy.class]
    namespace std {
       template<class R, class... ArgTypes>
class copyable_function<R(ArgTypes...</pre>
          copyable function() noexcept;
         copyable function(nullptr t) noexcept;
copyable function(const copyable function&);
copyable function(copyable function&&) noexcept;
template<class F> copyable function(F&&);
template<class T, class... Args>
          explicit copyable function(in place type
template<class T, class U, class... Args>
             explicit copyable function(in place type
          <u>copyable function& operator=(const copyable function</u>
          copyable_function& operator=(copyable_function&&);
          copyable function& operator=(nullptr t) noexcept;
template<class F> copyable function& operator=(F&&);
          ~copyable function();
```

```
22.10.17.5.4, invocation
                explicit operator bool() const noexcept;
                R operator()(ArgTypes...) cv ref noexcept(noex);
                explicit operator move only function<R(ArgTypes...) cv ref noexcept(noex)>() const &; operator move only function<R(ArgTypes...) cv ref noexcept(noex)>() && noexcept;
                // 22.10.17.5.6, utility
               void swap(copyable function&) noexcept;
                friend void swap(copyable function&, copyable function&) noexcept;
               friend bool operator==(const copyable function&, nullptr t) noexcept;
                  static constexpr bool is-callable-from = see below;
       The copyable function class template provides polymorphic wrappers that generalize the notion of a callable object (22.10.3).
       These wrappers can store, copy, move, and call arbitrary callable objects, given a call signature. Within this subclause, call-args
        is an argument pack with elements that have types ArgTypes&... respectively.
       Recommended practice: Implementations should avoid the use of dynamically allocated memory for a small contained value.
         tote 1: Such small-object optimization can only be applied to a type T for which is nothrow constructible v<T> is true. —
       22.10.17.5.3 Constructors, assignment, and destructor
                                                                                                                   [func.wrap.copy.ctor]
       template<class VT>
          static constexpr bool is-callable-from = see below;
           If noex is true, is-callable-from<VT> is equal to:
                is nothrow invocable r v<R, VT cv ref, ArgTypes...> &&
                is_nothrow_invocable_r_v<R, VT inv-quals, ArgTypes...>
           Otherwise, is-callable-from<VT> is equal to:
                is invocable r v<R, VT cv ref, ArgTypes...> && is invocable r v<R, VT inv-quals, ArgTypes...>
       copyable function() noexcept;
copyable function(nullptr t) noexcept;
           Postconditions: *this has no target object.
       copyable function(const copyable function& f)
           Postconditions: *this has no target object if f had no target object
           Otherwise, the target object of *this is a copy of the target object of f.
            Throws: Any exception thrown by the initialization of the target object. May throw bad_alloc.
       copyable function(copyable function&& f) noexcept;
Postconditions: The target object of *this is the target object f had before construction, and f is in a valid state with an
           unspecified value.
       template<class F> copyable function(F&& f);
           Let VT be decay_t<F>.
           Constraints:
(7.1)
             - remove cvref t<F> is not the same as copyable function, and
             remove_cvref_t<F> is not a specialization of in_place_type_t, and
(7.3)
             - is-callable-from<VT> is true.
           <u>Mandates:</u>
(8.1)
           — is constructible v<VT, F> is true, and
             -is copy constructible v<VT>is true.
           Preconditions: VT meets the Cpp17Destructible requirements, and if is move constructible v<VT> is true, VT meets the
           Cpp17MoveConstructible requirements.
           Postconditions: *this has no target object if any of the following hold:
(10.1)
(10.2)
(10.3)
             - f is a null function pointer value, or

    f is a null member function pointer value, or

             remove cvref t<F> is a specialization of the copyable function class template, and f has no target object.
           Otherwise, *this has a target object of type VT direct-non-list-initialized with std::forward<F>(f).
           Throws: Any exception thrown by the initialization of the target object. May throw bad_alloc unless VT is a function pointer
           or a specialization of reference wrapper.
       template<class T, class... Args>
   explicit copyable_function(in_place_type_t<T>, Args&&... args);
           Let VT be decay t<T>.
  13
           Constraints:
(13.1)
             - is constructible v<VT, Args...> is true, and
(13.2)
             is-callable-from<VT> is true.
           Mandates:
(14.1)

    VT is the same type as T, and

(14.2)
             -is_copy_constructible_v<VT>is true.
  15
           Preconditions: VT meets the Cpp17Destructible requirements, and if is move_constructible_v<VT> is true, VT meets the
           Cpp17MoveConstructible requirements.
```

```
Postconditions: *this has a target object d of type VT direct-non-list-initialized with std::forward<Args>(args)....
           Throws: Any exception thrown by the initialization of the target object. May throw bad_alloc unless VT is a pointer or a spe-
           cialization of reference wrapper.
       template<class T, class U, class... Args>
         explicit copyable_function(in_place_type_t<T>, initializer_list<U> ilist, Args&&... args);
           Let VT be decay_t<T>.
           Constraints:
(19.1)
           — is constructible v<VT, initializer list<U>&, Args...> is true, and
(19.2)
             is-callable-from<VT> is true.
           Mandates:

    VT is the same type as T, and

20.2)
             -is copy constructible v<VT>istrue.
           Preconditions: VT meets the Cpp17Destructible requirements, and if is move_constructible_v<VT> is true, VT meets the
           Cpp17MoveConstructible requirements.
           Postconditions: *this has a target object d of type VT direct-non-list-initialized with ilist, std::forward<Args>(args)....
Throws: Any exception thrown by the initialization of the target object. May throw bad alloc unless VT is a pointer or a spe
           cialization of reference wrapper.
       copyable function& operator=(const copyable function& f);
           Effects: Equivalent to: copyable function(f).swap(*this);
           Returns: *this.
       copyable function& operator=(copyable function&& f);
           Effects: Equivalent to: copyable function(std::move(f)).swap(*this);
           Returns: *this.
       copyable function& operator=(nullptr t) noexcept;
           Effects: Destroys the target object of *this, if any.
           Returns: *this.
       template<class F> copyable function& operator=(F&& f);
           Effects: Equivalent to: copyable function(std::forward<F>(f)).swap(*this);
           Returns: *this.
       ~copyable function();
           Effects: Destroys the target object of *this, if any.
                                                                                                                 [func.wrap.copy.inv]
       22.10.17.5.4 Invocation
        explicit operator bool() const noexcept;
           Returns: true if *this has a target object, otherwise false.
       R operator()(ArgTypes... args) cv ref noexcept(noex);
           Preconditions: *this has a target object.
           Effects: Equivalent to:
            return INVOKE<R>(static cast<F inv-quals>(f), std::forward<ArgTypes>(args)...); where f is an Ivalue designating the target object of *this and F is the type of f.
                                                                                                                [func.wrap.copy.conv]
       22.10.17.5.5 Conversions
       explicit operator move only function<R(ArgTypes...) cv ref noexcept(noex)>() const &;
           Returns: An object containing a copy of the target object of *this, if any.
           Throws: Any exception thrown by copying the target object. May throw bad alloc.
       operator move only function<R(ArgTypes...) cv ref noexcept(noex)>() && noexcept;
           Postconditions: *this has no target object.
           Returns: An object containing the target object *this had before the call, if any.
       22.10.17.5.6 Utility
                                                                                                                 [func.wrap.copy.util]
            swap(copyable_function& other) noexcept;
           Effects: Exchanges the target objects of *this and other.
             nd void swap(copyable_function
                                              n& f1, copyable_function& f2) noexcept;
           Effects: Equivalent to f1.swap(f2).
       friend bool operator==(const copyable_function& f, nullptr_t) noexcept;
         Returns: true if f has no target object, otherwise false.
```

Acknowledgements

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